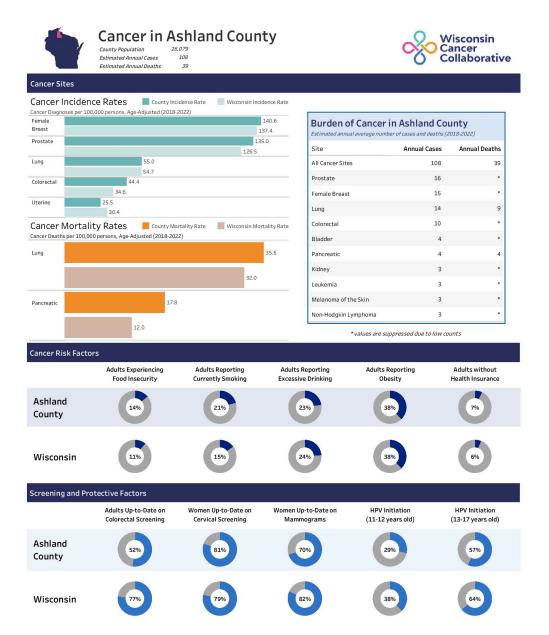


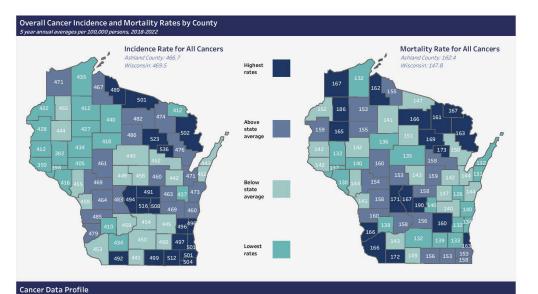




Partnership between UW Carbone Cancer Center and Bad River Health & Wellness Center

### WI Cancer Collaborative County Profile





		Ashland County	Wisconsin	
Primary Care	Population per Primary Care Physician	575:1	1,251:1	Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association
Access	Population per Non-Physician Primary Care Providers	596:1	633:1	CMS, National Provider Identification
	No Access to Exercise Opportunities (%)	31.4%	16.4%	ArcGIS Business Analyst; YMCA; Census TIGER/Line Shapefile
Built	Access to Parks (%)	11.4%	55.8%	Census TIGER/Line Shapefiles
	Population per Alcohol Outlet License	147.3	345.0	WI DHS EPHT
Environment	Crude Alcohol Outlet Density Rate per 500 persons	3.4	1.5	WI DHS EPHT
	Schools within 1,000 ft of licensed tobacco retailers (%)	50.0%	20.6%	WIDHS
Risk Factors	Adults Reporting Obesity (%)	38.0%	38.0%	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
	Adults Reporting Currently Smoking (%)	20.9%	15.0%	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
	Adults Reporting Excessive Drinking (%)	22.9%	24.0%	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
	Adults Experiencing Food Insecurity (%)	14.0%	11.0%	Map the Meal Gap
Screening	Adults aged 50-75 year up-to-date with colorectal cancer screening (%)	52.4%	77.2%	USCS (BRFSS 2022 for WI; BRFSS 2020 for counties)
	Women aged 21-65 years up-to-date with cervical cancer screening (%)	80.7%	78.7%	USCS (BRFSS 2022 for WI; BRFSS 2020 for counties)
	Women aged 50-74 years with Mammograms in previous 2 years (%)	70.2%	82.0%	USCS (BRFSS 2022 for WI; BRFSS 2020 for counties)
Vaccinations	Hep B Initation 19-59 years old (%)	51.3%	50.4%	Wisconsin Immunization Registry
	Hep B Initation 24 months old (%)	90.8%	90.5%	Wisconsin Immunization Registry
	HPV Initiation 11-12 years old (%)	28.7%	37.9%	Wisconsin Immunization Registry
	HPV Initiation 13-17 years old (%)	56.9%	64.2%	Wisconsin Immunization Registry
Demographics	Population	16,079	5,910,955	Census Population Estimates Program
	Population over 65 (%)	23%	19%	Census Population Estimates Program
	American Indian/Alaskan Native (%)	11%	1%	Census Population Estimates Program
	Asian (%)	0.8%	3%	Census Population Estimates Program
	Hispanic/Latino (%)	3%	8%	
	Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander (%)	0.0%	0.1%	Census Population Estimates Program
	Non-Hispanic Black (%)	0.7%	6%	Census Population Estimates Program
	Non-Hispanic White (%)	82%	80%	Census Population Estimates Program
	Poverty Rate (%)	14%	11%	Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates
	Adults without Health Insurance (%)	7%	6%	Small Area Health Insurance Estimates
	Rural (%)	55%	33%	Decennial Census Demographic and Housing Characteristics



The UW
Carbone/Bad
River
Partnership

# Monthly Educational Events...

### Staff Lunch & Learns



## Genetic Counseling

- Jenny Guerts, MCW
- Staff Education and Community Dinner
- Summer Youth Program



# Colorectal Cancer Initiative

- American Indian Cancer Foundation Blue Beads Campaign
- NCI Screen to Save Initiative
- Incentive for CRC Screening
- CRC Provider Roundtable



## Clinical Trials

### Clinical Trials Participation: Why Diversity Is Important

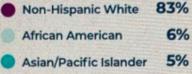
#### Clinical trials are studies that test new ways to prevent, find, and treat disease. They also help to make sure that new medicines and treatments are safe and effective.

#### Minority Participation in Clinical Trials Is Low

Fewer than 1 in 20 adults with cancer enroll in clinical trials. Minorities are even less likely to participate in clinical trials, and their enrollment has been dropping since 2011.

<1%

PARTICIPATION
IN CANCER
TREATMENT
CLINICAL TRIALS
BY RACE
2003-2016<sup>2</sup>



Hispanic/Latino 3%
Other 2%

American Indian/ Alaska Native 66%

OF CANCER DRUG TRIALS

REPORTED ZERO
AMERICAN INDIAN/
ALASKA NATIVE

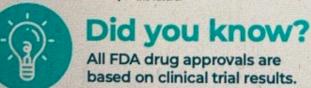
**PARTICIPANTS**<sup>3</sup>



#### Why We Need More Diversity

Some groups have higher rates of cancer than others. African American men, for example, are more likely to develop and die from cancer than any other group. Plus, race/ethnicity, age, and sex can affect the response to treatment. People from all backgrounds need to participate in clinical trials to be sure that new treatments are safe and effective for everyone.

- Clinical trials have rules to protect the rights, health, and safety of participants.
- If the treatment being studied is better than the standard treatment, participants may be among the first to benefit.
- Clinical trials may help scientists learn more about cancer and help people in the future.





w to Take Action

## Breast Cancer BINGO!



## Radon Project

- Free radon testing and mitigation for all Bad River Tribal members living on the reservation
- Door to door initiative to help deploy test kits
- Community and provider education on radon and lung cancer





## Mobile Mammography

THE BAD RIVER HEALTH & WELLNESS CENTER

### TOBACCO IS SACRED

AND LUNG CANCER PREVENTION EVENT







Tuesday • November 14 • 5:00PM

Bad River Clinic • Maple Room

Learn about Traditional Asema

Make a leather tobacco pouch

Learn about smoking cessation supports in our community

For more information contact:

Lisa Kingfisher, Registered Pharmacist BRHWC l.kingfisher@badriverhwc.com 715-682-7133 Ext 4203





Wisconsin Native American Tobacco Network (WNATN)

## Traditional Tobacco/ Kinnikinnick Pouch Making

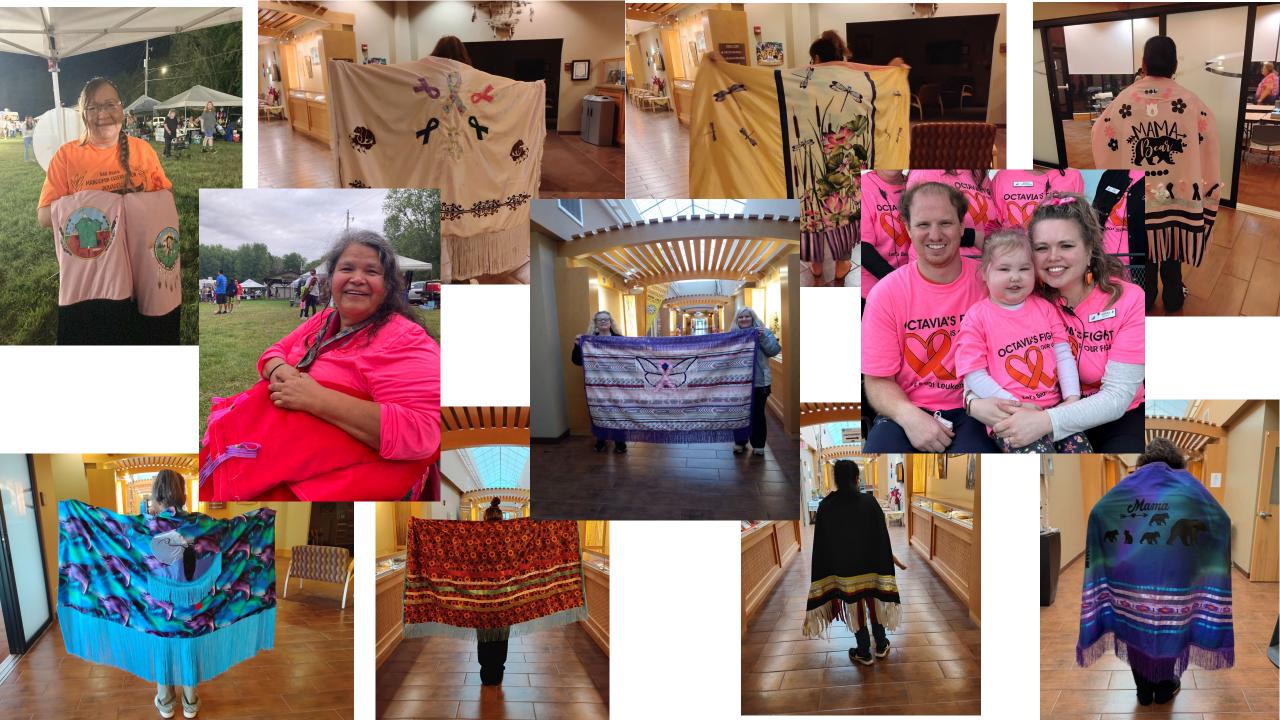
## Traditional Foods/Medicines







Mens & Women's Wellness Events & Health Fairs



Men's Wellness/Cancer Ribbon Shirt Making



## Q&A



### **Contact Information**

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